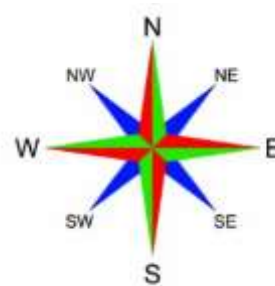


Our learning

In our geography lessons this term we will be learning about Waverley Abbey in Surrey, and how the **place** has changed over time. We will look at maps of the **location** from today and from the past which show the same area.

We will develop our skills in geography fieldwork during our local study by using a range of maps (including digital mapping). We will become more confident in locating using 4 figure grid references and the 8 points on a compass. We will look at human and physical geographical features of the area and plan a route between two places. We will think about the **distance** between places.



Information

The area around Waverley Abbey has changed over time.

Waverley Abbey was an abbey in Tudor times and is now a ruin.

The River Wey flows by the abbey.

There is a variety of different land uses around Waverley Abbey.

There are a range of topographical features in the area. These include the River Wey, as well as man made (human) features such as roads and buildings.



A map that uses 4 figure grid references

Vocab-

4 figure Grid reference—A map reference showing the location of a point on a map using vertical and horizontal lines.

Compass—An instrument using a magnetized pointer which show the direction of magnetic north and bearings from it.

Ordnance Survey—The national mapping agency for Great Britain.

Aerial Photograph— A photo taken from the air , normally looking straight down.

Oblique photograph— A photo from above but not looking straight down, so the camera is held at an angle.

Topography— The physical features of an area of land e.g. mountains, rivers. Manmade features may also be included e.g. roads and reservoirs.

Symbol—A picture to represent a real world feature on a map.

Digital Mapping— Using computers to show and draw maps.